

CS/2110

~~SHEET NO. 1~~
~~Please Copy~~

5244/NH

Total No. of Sheets used 2Total No. of Questions 9Paper ATitle of the Paper Condensed Matter PhysicsTime allowed 3 hrs Maximum Marks 30 Minimum Pass Marks 10

Note : The candidates are required to attempt two questions each from Section A & B Section C will be compulsory

Sec-A

- Q1. (a) What is meant by symmetry operations in crystals? (2)
 (b) Explain why a five fold symmetry of crystals are not possible. (3)
- Q2. (a) Distinguish between primitive and non-primitive unit cell with the help of two dimensional diagram. (3)
 (b) How is Wigner Seitz primitive cell drawn? (2)
- Q3. What are Miller Indices? Obtain Miller Indices of a plane having intercepts of $3a$, $5b/2$ and ∞ on the crystallographic axes, where a , b and c are primitive vectors of the crystals. (5)
- Q4. Draw the crystal structure of Diamond and describe fully. Hence calculate its packing fraction. (5)

Sec-B

- Q5. (a) What is geometrical structure factor and its expression? (2)
 (b) Why 100 reflection is absent for BCC while 200 reflection is present? (3)
- Q6. An X-ray beam of wavelength 1.54 \AA is diffracted from the (110) plane of a solid with simple cubic lattice structure and lattice constant $a = 4.62 \text{ \AA}$. At what angle the first order of diffraction occur.
- Q7. Discuss the various X-ray diffraction methods in brief. (5)
- Q8. Derive Laue's equation for X-ray diffraction by crystals. How do these lead to Bragg's equation. (5)

Sec C

- Q9. Attempt any five questions carrying 2 marks each.
- Define first Brillouine zone?
 - What is a crystal?
 - What are the dimensions of reciprocal lattice vectors?
 - What is advantage of rotating crystal method in diffraction?
 - What is atomic scattering factor?
 - Zinc has hcp structure. The height of unit cell is $0.49 c$. The nearest neighbour distance is 0.27 nm . The atomic weight of zinc is 65.37 . Calculate volume of unit cell and density of zinc.
 - Write the expression for Bragg's law in reciprocal lattice.

2x5=10