

B-2110

Advanced Calculus
Sem III

8461/NH

Time: 3 hours

M.M. 40

Candidates are required to attempt five questions in all selecting two from each of the section A and B and compulsory questions of section C.

Section-A

1. Prove that if $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (a,b)} f(x,y)$, exists finitely then it is unique. (6)
2. State and prove Euler's theorem for homogenous functions. (6)
3. Expand $\sin(x+h)(y+k)$ by Taylor's Theorem. (6)
4. Find the maximum and minimum value of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ subject to the constraints $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{5} + \frac{z^2}{25} = 1, z = x + y$. (6)

Section-B

5. Evaluate the appropriate determinant to show that the Jacobian of the transformation from cartesian $\rho\phi\theta$ -space to cartesian xyz -space is $\rho^2 \sin \phi$. (6)
6. Compute $\iint_E \sin \left[\frac{x-y}{x+y} \right] dx dy$, where E is the region bounded by $x = 0, y = 0$ and $x + y = 1$ in the first quadrant. (6)
7. Find the volume of the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$. (6)
8. A cylinder rod of constant density lies along with the line segment $r(t) = tj + (2 - 2t)k, 0 \leq t \leq 1$, in the yz -plane. Find the moment of inertia and radius of gyration about the three coordinate axes. (6)

Section-C

2*8=16

9.
 - a) Let $f(x,y) = \frac{x-y}{x+y}$. Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} f(x,y)] \neq \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x,y)$.
 - b) If $(x,y) = \cos x \cosh y, g(x,y) = \sin x \sinh y$. Check whether $f(x,y)$ and $g(x,y)$ are functionally related.
 - c) Find the implicit function defined by the relation $x^2 + xy + y^2 = 7$ near the point $(2,1)$ and find the derivative with respect to x at $x = 2$.
 - d) Discuss the continuity of function $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} xy \left(\frac{x^2-y^2}{x^2+y^2} \right), & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0, & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$ at the origin.
 - e) Evaluate $\int_C (x+y) ds$ where C is the line segment $x = t, y = (1-t), z = 0$, from $(0,1,1)$ to $(1,0,1)$.
 - f) Evaluate $\int \int_E e^{x^2+y^2} dx dy$, where E is the region bounded by $y = 0$ and the semi circle $y = \sqrt{1-x^2}$.
 - g) Find the volume of the parabolic cylinder $z = 4 - x^2$ and the planes $x = 0, y = 0, y = 4, z = 0$ assuming the density to be constant.
 - h) Find the Jacobian $\partial(x,y,z)/\partial(u,v,w)$ of the transformation $x = u \cos v, y = u \sin v, z = w$.