## PAPER II: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Max. Marks: 26

Time: 3Hrs.

Candidates are required to attempt five questions (Section C 9<sup>th</sup> question being compulsory) selecting two questions from each of A & B sections.

Section - A

- 1. Expain the following with mechanism:- .
  - ) Hydroboration oxidation reaction
  - (ii) Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement
- 2. Discuss method of preparations and chemical reactions of glycerol?
- 3. Discuss the effect of substituents on acidity of phenols. Out of methanol and phenol, which is more acidic and why?
- 4. Give the mechanism for Fries rearrangement and Reimer Tieman reaction?

2x42 8

- Section B
- 5. How will you synthesise aldehyde and ketone from 1,3-dithane? What are the limitations of this reaction?
- 6. Discuss mechanism of following reactions:-
  - (i) Knoevenagel condensation
  - (ii) Mannich reaction
- 7. Discuss mechanism of following reactions:-
  - (i) Baeyer-Villiger oxidation
  - (ii) Clemmensen reduction
- 8. Discuss mechanism of following reactions:-
  - (i) Meerwein Pondroff-Verley reduction
  - (ii) Michael addition

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- Section C
- 9. (i) The boiling points of alcohols are higher than those of corresponding alkanes having similar molecular weights. Why?
- (ii) Comment upon the statement that 2,4;6-trinitrophenol is a very strong acid?
- (iii) Why is  $\alpha$ -hydrogen in aldehydes and ketones acidic in nature?
- (iv) What is crossed aldol condensation?
- (v) NaBH<sub>4</sub>is less vigorous but more selective reducing agent than LiAlH<sub>4</sub>. Justify with example?