

AS/2051

GE-2 Chemistry 2 Code BHB9

956/MH

Max. marks 74

Time 3hrs

SET- A

The question paper consists of three sections A, B and C. Section A and B have four questions from the respective sections of the syllabus and carry 11 marks each. Candidates are required to attempt two questions each from sections A and B of the question paper. Section C consist of 15 short answer type questions carry 30 marks and candidates are required to attempt the entire section C.

SECTION -A

- Q1 State Fajan's rule. Explain with the help of this rule, which compound from the following is more covalent: i) AgCl or AgI      II) LiCl or KCl. 11
- Q2 What is Born—Haber cycle? Discuss its usefulness by explaining the stability of solids. 11
- Q3 What are colligative properties? Comment on the statement that colligative properties are properties of solvent. 11
- Q4 Give a brief account of enzyme catalysis. Discuss in detail the mechanism of enzyme catalyzed reactions. Discuss in details the factors which influence rates of reactions. 11

SECTION- B

- Q5 Write all the position isomers of monochloropentane . Assign R and S configuration to the enantiomers if any formed. Alkanes and Alkynes do not show geometrical isomerism. Why? 11
- Q6 Differentiate configurational and conformational isomers. Will trichloroethene show geometrical isomerism. Give reasons for your answer. 11
- Q7 Explain the terms chirality and optical activity. What do you mean by enantiomers and their properties?. How are diastereoisomers differ from enantiomers? 11
- Q8 What are meso compounds? Give one example. Glucose contain four chiral centres. What is the number of possible optical isomers. What is the condition for a compound to be chiral? 11

SECTION -C

15 X 2 = 30

1. Explain plane of symmetry.
2. What is EZ rotation? Assign E and Z configuration to ClCH=CHF.
3. What do you mean by resolution?
4. Define Molecular chirality.

Centel — 2

5. What are cis and trans isomers? Give two examples of each
6. Define Anti aromatic compound
7. What is Huckel's rule of aromaticity?
8. Explain the action of a catalyst in terms of activation energy.
9. Explain autocatalysis.
10. What is n-p junction?
11. What is radius ratio rule?
12. What percentage of space is occupied in a bcc type of arrangement?
13. Explain the term chemical potential.
14. What is meant by degree of dissociation?
15. Explain why most of reactions are only first and second order?

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